

Notes:

Alabama Department of Postsecondary Education

Representing the Alabama Community College System

STATEWIDE CAREER/TECHNICAL EDUCATION COURSE ARTICULATION REVIEW MINUTES

Articulation Agreement Identifier: <u>AUM/ASE 110 (2005-1)</u> Identifier is the postsecondary course prefix followed by Plan-of-Instruction version number (e.g.; INT 100 (2005-1)).
Applicable CIP code(s): 47.0604 & 15.0803
Postsecondary course prefix, number, and title: <u>AUM/ASE 110 Electrical and Electronic Systems I</u>
Secondary Course(s) of Study: 471106/570025 - Automotive Electrical & Electronic Systems I + 471107/570026 - Automotive Electrical & Electronic Systems II
Initial Review: October 13, 2009 Annual DPE Review: January 30, 2012 This course was deleted 11/08/11 and will be removed next review cycle.
Effective date: Fall Semester 2011.
Course Content Analysis (all postsecondary course objectives must be sufficiently addressed in the secondary courses):

- 1 Skills and knowledge contained in the postsecondary course objectives must be present in the corresponding secondary objectives for a "match" to occur.
- 2. Postsecondary and Secondary objectives must reflect similar content and performance levels before the course articulation agreement will be recommended to the TEDAC Oversight Committee.
- 3. More than one Secondary course may be used in order to articulate to a Postsecondary course.

Postsecondary Course Objectives	Secondary Course(s) and Location(s)	TEDAC Comments
A1.1 Interpret electrical/electronic system concerns; determine necessary action A1.1.1 Describe the elements of an electrical/electronic system A1.1.2 Determine electrical/electronic system concern A1.1.3 Identify proper course of action	Electrical & Electronic Systems I, Unit 2-5 Content Standards 2. Diagnose electrical and electronic system problems. 3. Identify electrical and electronic systems concerns. • Determining necessary action for electrical and electronic systems concerns	
A1.2 Research applicable vehicle and service information, such as electrical/electronic system operation, vehicle service history, service precautions, and technical service bulletins A1.2.1 List resources of vehicle and service information A1.2.2 Explain the process of researching applicable vehicle and service information	4. Research vehicle and service information, including vehicle service history, technical service bulletins, and interpretation of vehicle and major component identification numbers	
A1.3 Locate and interpret vehicle and major component identification numbers (VIN, vehicle certification labels, and calibration decals A1.3.1 Identify standard locations for vehicle and major component identification numbers A1.3.2 Describe the coding systems for vehicle and major component identification numbers A1.3.3 Explain the elements of interpreting vehicle and major	4. Research vehicle and service information, including vehicle service history, technical service bulletins, and interpretation of vehicle and major component identification numbers	
component identification numbers	Electrical & Electronic Systems I, Unit 2-5 Learning Objectives Students will:	
A1.4 Diagnose electrical/electronic integrity for series, parallel and series-parallel circuits using principles of electricity (Ohm's Law) A1.4.1 Explain Ohm's Law	Complete work order to include customer information, vehicle identifying information, customer concern, related service history, cause and correction. Identify and interpret electrical/electronic system concern;	

Postsecondary Course Objectives	Secondary Course(s) and Location(s)	TEDAC Comments
A1.4.2 Explain electrical/electronic integrity	determine necessary action.	
A1.4.3 Differentiate between series, parallels, and series-	3. Research applicable vehicle and service information, such	
parallel circuits	as electrical/electronic system operation, vehicle service	
A1.4.4 List the elements of diagnosing electrical/electronic	history, service precautions, and technical service bulletins.	
integrity	Locate and interpret vehicle and major component	
A1.4.5 Explain the process of diagnosing electrical/electronic	identification numbers (VIN, vehicle certification labels, and	
integrity	calibration decals).	
	5. Diagnose electrical/electronic integrity of series, parallel	
A1.5 Use wiring diagrams during diagnosis of electrical circuit	and series-parallel circuits using principals of electricity	
problems	Ohm's Law).	
A1.5.1 Explain the use of wiring diagrams	6. Use wiring diagrams during diagnosis of electrical circuit	
A1.5.2 Explain the use of wiring diagrams during diagnosis of	problems.	
electrical circuit problems	7. Demonstrate the proper use of a digital multi meter [DMM]	
A1.5.3 Explain the process of diagnosis of electrical circuit	during diagnosis of electrical circuit problems.	
problems	8. Check electrical circuits with a test light; determine	
	necessary action.	
A1.6 Demonstrate the proper use of a digital multimeter	9. Measure source voltage and perform voltage drop tests in	
during diagnosis of electrical circuit problems	electrical/electronic circuits using a volt meter; determine	
A1.6.1 Explain the use of a digital multimeter	necessary action.	
A1.6.2 Explain the use of a digital multimeter during diagnosis	10. Measure current flow in electrical/electronic circuits using	
of electrical circuit problems	ammeter; determine necessary action.	
	11. Check continuity and measure resistance in	
A1.7 Check electrical circuits with a test light; determine	electrical/electronic circuits and components using an	
necessary action	ohmmeter; determine necessary action.	
A1.7.1 Explain the use of a test light	12. Check electrical circuits using fused jumper wires;	
A1.7.2 Interpret the test light reading	determine necessary action.	
A1.7.3 Identify appropriate course of actions based on the test	13. Locate shorts, grounds, opens, and resistance problems	
light reading	in electrical/electronic circuits; determine necessary action.	
	14. Measure and diagnose the cause(s) of excessive key-off	
A1.8 Measure source voltage and perform voltage drop tests	battery drain (parasitic draw); determine necessary action.	
in electrical/electronic circuits using a voltmeter; determine	15. Inspect and test fusible links, circuit breakers, and fuses;	
necessary action	determine necessary action.	
A1.8.1 Explain the use of a volt meter	16. Inspect and test switches, connectors, relays, solenoid	
A1.8.2 Define source voltage	solid state devices, and wires of electrical/electronic circuits;	
A1.8.3 Explain the process of a voltage drop test	perform necessary action.	

Postsecondary Course Objectives	Secondary Course(s) and Location(s)	TEDAC Comments
A1.8.4 Identify appropriate course of action based on the results of the voltage drop test	17. Remove and replace terminal end from connector.	
A1.9 Measure current flow in electrical/electronic circuits and components using an ammeter; determine necessary action	Electrical & Electronic Systems II, Unit 2-3 Content Standards	
A1.9.1 List equipment needed to measure current flow A1.9.2 Explain the use of an ammeter	Evaluate electrical and electronic systems diagnoses to	
A1.9.3 Explain current flow in electrical/electronic circuits	determine necessary actions.	
A1.9.4 Explain the process of measuring current flow in	Verifying customer concerns regarding electric and	
electrical/electronic circuits and components using an	electrical systems	
ammeter	3. Justify necessary action for electrical and electronic	
A1.9.5 Identify proper course of action based on ammeter results	systems concerns.	
resuits	Learning Objectives	
A1.10 Check continuity and measure resistance in		
electrical/electronic circuits and components using an	Locate source of system failure.	
ohmmeter; determine necessary action	2. Evaluate source of system failure.	
A1.10.1 Explain continuity in electrical/electronic circuits	3. Confirm findings and customer concerns.	
A1.10.2 Explain resistance in electrical/electronic circuits A1.10.3 Explain the use of an ohmeter	4. Conduct research and planning to resolve electronic system failure or malfunction.	
A1.10.5 Explain the use of all offineter	5. Prepare written plan for repair.	
A1.11 Check electrical circuits using fused jumper wires;	6. Prepare repair estimates.	
determine necessary action		
A1.11.1 Explain the use of fuse jumper wires		
A1.11.2 Explain the process of checking electrical circuits		
using fused jumper wires A1.11.3 Interpret the results of a fused jumper wire test		
A1.11.5 interpret the results of a fused jumper wife test		
A1.12 Locate shorts, grounds, opens and resistance problems		
in electrical/electronic circuits; determine necessary action		
A1.12.1 Define short, ground, opens, and resistance		
A1.12.2 Explain the process of locating shorts, grounds,		
opens and resistance problems in electrical/electronic circuits A1.12.3 Identify appropriate course of action to eliminate		
shorts, grounds, opens and resistance problems in		

Postsecondary Course Objectives	Secondary Course(s) and Location(s)	TEDAC Comments
electrical/electronic circuits		
A1.13 Measure and diagnose the causes of excessive key-off battery drain (parasitic draw); determine necessary action A1.13.1 Define excessive Key-off battery drain (parasitic draw) A1.13.2 List causes of excessive key-off battery drain A1.13.3 Explain the process of measuring and diagnosing the causes of excessive key-off batter drain A1.13.4 Identify appropriate course of action to eliminate excessive key-off battery drain		
A1.14 Inspect and test fusible links, circuit breakers, and fuses; determine necessary action A1.14.1 Identify fusible links, circuit breakers, and fuses A1.14.2 Identify the location of fusible links, circuit breakers, and fuses A1.14.3 Identify equipment used to test fusible links, circuit breakers, and fuses A1.14.4 Identify inspection criteria for inspecting and testing fusible links, circuit breakers, and fuses A1.14.5 Explain the process of inspecting fusible links, circuit breakers, and fuses A1.14.6 Explain the process of testing fusible links, circuit breakers, and fuses		
A1.15 Inspect and test switches, connectors, relays, solid state devices, and wires of electrical/electronic circuits; perform necessary action A1.15.1 Identify switches, connectors, relays, solid state devices, and wires A1.15.2 Identify the location of switches, connectors, relays, solid state devices, and wires A1.15.3 Identify equipment used to test switches, connectors, relays, solid state devices, and wires		

Postsecondary Course Objectives	Secondary Course(s) and Location(s)	TEDAC Comments
A1.15.4 Identify criteria for inspecting and testing switches,		
connectors, relays, solid state devices, and wires		
A1.15.5 Explain the process of inspecting switches, connectors, relays, solid state devices, and wires		
A1.15.6 Explain the process of testing switches, connectors,		
relays, solid state devices, and wires		
	Electrical & Electronic Systems I, Unit 6	
A1.16 Repair wiring harnesses and connectors	Content Standard	
A1.16.1 List the equipment needed to repair wiring harnesses	6. Demonstrate battery state-of-charge tests, including	
and connectors	inspecting and cleaning battery cables, connectors, clamps,	
A1.16.2 Explain the process of repairing wiring harnesses and	and hold downs.	
connectors	Learning Objective	
A1 17 Derform colder repair of electrical wiring	Students will:	
A1.17 Perform solder repair of electrical wiring A1.17.1 List the equipment needed to perform solder repair of	Perform battery state-of-charge test: determine necessary	
electrical wiring	action.	
A1.17.2 Explain the process of performing solder repair of	Perform battery capacity (or conductance test); confirm	
electrical wiring	proper battery capacity for vehicle application; determine	
	necessary action.	
Competency:	Maintain or restore electronic memory functions.	
B1.0 Diagnose and service battery malfunctions	4. Inspect, clean, fill, and replace battery.	
Objectives:	5. Perform slow/fast battery charge.	
B1.1 Perform battery state-of-charge test; determine	6. Inspect and clean battery cables, connectors, clamps, and	
necessary action B1.1.1 Explain the process of a battery state-of-charge test	hold downs; repair or replace as needed. 7. Start a vehicle using jumper cables and a battery or	
B1.1.2 Identify proper course of action	auxiliary power supply.	
B1.1.2 Identity proper course of action	Indentify high voltage circuits of electric or hybrid electric	
B1.2 Perform battery capacity test; confirm proper battery	vehicle and related safety precautions.	
capacity for vehicle application; determine necessary action	9. Identify electronic modules, security systems and/or radios	
B1.2.1 Define battery capacity	that require re-initialization or code entry following battery	
B1.2.2 Explain the process of performing a batter capacity	disconnect.	
test	10. Identify hybrid vehicle auxiliary (12v) battery service,	
B1.2.3 State proper battery capacity	repair and test procedures.	
B1.2.4 Identify appropriate course of action	Floatrical 9 Floatronic Systems II Unit 4	
	Electrical & Electronic Systems II, Unit 4	

Postsecondary Course Objectives	Secondary Course(s) and Location(s)	TEDAC Comments
B1.3 Maintain or restore electronic memory functions B1.3.1 List electronic memory functions B1.3.2 Summarize the restoration of electronic memory functions	4. Compare appropriate tests and battery service procedures for conventional and hybrid electrical systems.	
B1.4 Inspect, clean, fill, and replace battery B1.4.1 List the elements of inspecting, cleaning, filling, and replacing a battery B1.5 Perform slow/fast battery charge B1.5.1 Define slow/fast battery charge B1.5.2 List equipment needed to perform slow/fast battery charge B1.5.3 Explain the process of performing slow/fast batter charge B1.6 Inspect and clean battery cables connectors, clamps, and hold-downs; repair or replace as needed. B1.6.1 Identify battery cables, connectors, clamps, and hold-downs B1.6.2 Identify inspection criteria B1.6.3 Explain the process of inspecting Identify battery cables, connectors, clamps, and hold-downs B1.6.4 Explain the process of cleaning Identify battery cables, connectors, clamps, and hold-downs	 Learning Objectives Discuss appropriate tests and battery service procedures for conventional and hybrid electrical systems. Evaluate appropriate tests and battery service procedures for conventional and hybrid electrical systems. Practice troubleshooting battery related problems with electrical systems for conventional and hybrid electrical systems. Practice making appropriate repairs to battery related electrical systems for conventional and hybrid electrical systems. Compare appropriate tests and battery service procedures for conventional and hybrid electrical systems. 	
B1.7 Start a vehicle using jumper cables and a battery or auxiliary power supply B1.7.1 Identify jumper cables, batter power supply, and an auxiliary power supply B1.7.2 Explain the process of starting a vehicle using Identify jumper cables, batter power supply, and an auxiliary power supply	Electrical & Electronic Systems I, Unit 7 Content Standard • 7. Explain starting system operations and repair. • Performing test procedures for starting systems	

Postsecondary Course Objectives	Secondary Course(s) and Location(s)	TEDAC Comments
	Diagnose and repair starting system malfunctions.	
	Perform starter current draw tests; determine necessary	
	action.	
	Perform starter circuit voltage drop tests; determine	
	necessary action.	
	4. Inspect and test starter relays and solenoids; determine	
	necessary action.	
	5. Remove and install starter in a vehicle.	
	6. Inspect and test switches, connectors, and wires of starter	
	control circuits; perform necessary action.	
	Differentiate between electrical and engine mechanical	
	problems that cause a slow-crank or no-crank condition.	
	8. List the equipment needed to perform a starter current	
	draw test.	
	Explaining the process of performing starter current draw	
Competency:	tests	
C1.0 Diagnose and repair starting system malfunctions	• Identifying proper course of action based on the test results	
Objectives:	9. List the equipment needed to perform a starter circuit drop	
C1.1 Perform starter current draw tests; determine necessary	test.	
action	Explaining the process of performing starter circuit drop	
C1.1.1 List the equipment needed to perform a starter current	tests	
draw test	Identifying proper course of action based on the test results Identifying proper course of action based on the test results	
C1.1.2 Explain the process of performing starter current draw	10. List the equipment needed to test starter relays and solenoids.	
tests C1.1.3 Identify proper course of action based on the test		
results	Explaining the process of inspecting and testing starter relays and solenoids	
Tesuits	Identifying proper course of action based on the test results	
C1.2 Perform starter circuit voltage drop tests; determine	List tools need to remove and install a starter in a vehicle	
necessary action	11. Explain the process in removing and installing a starter in	
C1.2.1 List the equipment needed to perform a starter circuit	a vehicle.	
drop test	12. Identify switches, connectors, and wires of starter control	
C1.2.2 Explain the process of performing starter circuit drop	circuits.	
tests	13. Identify the location of switches, connectors, and wires of	
C1.2.3 Identify proper course of action based on the test	starter control circuits.	
results	14. Identify equipment used to test switches, connectors, and	

Secondary Course(s) and Location(s)	TEDAC Comments
wires of starter control circuits. 15. Identify inspection and test criteria for switches, connectors, and wires of starter control circuits. • Explain the process of inspecting and testing switches, connectors and wires of starter control circuits. 17. Define slow-crank. 18. Define no-crank condition. Electrical & Electronic Systems II, Unit 5 Content Standard	
 5. Differentiate between electrical and mechanical problems associated with starting system diagnosis. Determining service procedures for starting systems Learning Objectives 	
Practice evaluating starting systems for mechanical or electrical problems. Practice making appropriate repairs to starting systems. Troubleshooting starting systems. Perform various starting system repairs. Electrical & Electronic Systems I, Unit 8 Content Standards	
Explain starting system operations and repair. • Explain charging system component operations and repair.	
	wires of starter control circuits. 15. Identify inspection and test criteria for switches, connectors, and wires of starter control circuits. • Explain the process of inspecting and testing switches, connectors and wires of starter control circuits. 17. Define slow-crank. 18. Define no-crank condition. Electrical & Electronic Systems II, Unit 5 Content Standard 5. Differentiate between electrical and mechanical problems associated with starting system diagnosis. • Determining service procedures for starting systems Learning Objectives 1. Practice evaluating starting systems for mechanical or electrical problems. 2. Practice making appropriate repairs to starting systems. 3. Troubleshooting starting systems. 4. Perform various starting system repairs. Electrical & Electronic Systems I, Unit 8 Content Standards Explain starting system operations and repair.

Postsecondary Course Objectives	Secondary Course(s) and Location(s)	TEDAC Comments
C1.6.4 Define no-crank condition		
C1.6.4 Define no-crank condition	 Diagnose and repair charging system malfunctions Perform charging system output test: determine necessary action Diagnose charging system for the cause of undercharge, no-charge Inspect and test starter relays and solenoids; determine necessary action. Remove and install starter in a vehicle. Inspect and test switches, connectors, and wires of starter control circuits; perform necessary action. Differentiate between electrical and engine mechanical problems that cause a slow-crank or no-crank condition. List the equipment needed to perform a starter current 	
	draw test.	
	Explaining the process of performing starter current draw	
	 tests Identifying proper course of action based on the test results List the equipment needed to perform a starter circuit drop test. Explaining the process of performing starter circuit drop 	
	 tests Identifying proper course of action based on the test results 10. List the equipment needed to test starter relays and solenoids. 	
	Explaining the process of inspecting and testing starter relays and solenoids	
	 Identifying proper course of action based on the test results List tools need to remove and install a starter in a vehicle 11. Explain the process in removing and installing a starter in 	
	a vehicle.	
	12. Identify switches, connectors, and wires of starter control	
Competency: D1.0 Diagnose and repair charging system malfunctions	circuits. 13. Identify the location of switches, connectors, and wires of	
Dr.o Diagnose and repair charging system manufictions	starter control circuits.	

Postsecondary Course Objectives	Secondary Course(s) and Location(s)	TEDAC Comments
Objectives: D1.1 Perform charging system output test; determine necessary action D1.1.1 List the equipment needed to perform a charging system output test D1.1.2 Explain the process of performing charging system output tests D1.1.3 Identify proper course of action based on the test results D1.2 Diagnose charging system for the cause of undercharge,	 14. Identify equipment used to test switches, connectors, and wires of starter control circuits. 15. Identify inspection and test criteria for switches, connectors, and wires of starter control circuits. Explain the process of inspecting and testing switches, connectors and wires of starter control circuits. 17. Define slow-crank. 18. Define no-crank condition. E & E Systems II, Unit 6 Content Standard 	
no-charge, and overcharge conditions D1.2.1 Differentiate between undercharge, no-charge, and over charge conditions D1.2.2 Explain the process of diagnosing charging system for the cause of undercharge, no-charge, and overcharge conditions	 6. Diagnose charging systems to determine corrective action. Learning Objectives 1. Practice evaluating charging systems for mechanical or electrical problems. 2. Practice making appropriate repairs to charging systems. 3. Troubleshooting charging systems. 4. Perform various charging system repairs. 	
D1.3 Inspect, adjust, or replace generator (alternator) drive belts, pulleys, and tensioners; check pulley and belt alignment D1.3.1 Identify the location of generators, drive belts, pulleys, and tensioners D1.3.2 Identify inspection criteria for generators, drive belts, pulleys, and tensioners D1.3.3 Explain the process to inspect, adjust, or replace generator, drive belts, pulleys, and tensioners	Electrical & Electronic Systems I, Unit 9 Content Standards 9. Analyze lighting systems to determine necessary repair. Learning Objectives	
D1.4 Remove, inspect, and install generator (alternator) D1.4.1 Locate the generator D1.4.2 Identify inspection criteria for a generator D1.4.3 Explain the process to remove, inspect, and install a	 Diagnose and repair lighting system malfunctions. Diagnose the cause of brighter than normal, intermittent, dim, or no light operation; determine necessary action. Inspect, replace, and aim headlights and bulbs. Inspect and diagnose incorrect turn signal or hazard light operation; perform necessary action. 	

Postsecondary Course Objectives	Secondary Course(s) and Location(s)	TEDAC Comments
generator	5. Define brighter than normal, intermittent, dim, and no light	
D4.5. Desferes all continue singuists relitance during to the determine	operation.	
D1.5 Perform charging circuit voltage drop tests; determine necessary action	6. List possible causes of brighter than normal, intermittent, dim, and no light operation.	
D1.5.1 List the equipment needed to perform a charging	7. Explain the process of diagnosing the cause of brighter	
circuit voltage drop test	than normal, intermittent, dim, or no light operation	
D1.5.2 Explain the process of performing charging circuit	and determine necessary action.	
voltage drop tests	8. Identify inspection criteria for headlights and bulbs.	
D1.5.3 Identify proper course of action based on the test results	9. Summarize the process of inspecting, replacing, and aiming headlights and bulbs.	
results	10. Identify incorrect turn signal.	
	11. Identify inspection criteria for turn signals and head lights.	
	12. Explain the process of inspecting and diagnosing	
	incorrect turn signal or hazard light operation.	
Competency: E1.0 Diagnose and repair lighting system malfunctions	Electrical & Electronic Systems II, Unit 7	
E1.0 Diagnose and repair lighting system mailunctions	Content Standard	
Objectives:		
E1.1 Diagnose the cause of brighter than normal, intermittent,	7. Determine procedures for lighting system repairs.	
dim, or no light operation; determine necessary action	Identifying safety hazards associated with high intensity	
E1.1.1 Define brighter than normal, intermittent, dim, and no	components	
light operation E1.1.2 List possible causes of brighter than normal,	Learning Objectives	
intermittent, dim, and no light operation	Practice evaluating lighting systems for mechanical or	
E1.1.3 Explain the process of diagnosing the cause of brighter	electrical problems.	
than normal, intermittent, dim, or no light operation; determine	2. Practice making appropriate repairs to lighting systems.	
necessary action	3. Troubleshoot lighting systems.	
	Perform various lighting system repairs. Identify safety hazards associated with high intensity	
	components.	
E1.2 Inspect, replace, and aim headlights and bulbs	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
E1.2.1 Identify inspection criteria for headlights and bulbs		
E1.2.2 Summarize the process of inspecting, replacing, and		
aiming headlights and bulbs		

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Postsecondary Course Objectives	Secondary Course(s) and Location(s)	TEDAC Comments
E1.3 Inspect and diagnose incorrect turn signal or hazard light operation; perform necessary action		
E1.3.1 Identify incorrect turn signal		
E1.3.2 Identify inspection criteria for turn signals and head		
lights		
E1.3.3 Explain the process of inspecting and diagnosing		
incorrect turn signal or hazard light operation		