

Alabama Department of Postsecondary Education

Representing the Alabama Community College System

STATEWIDE CAREER/TECHNICAL EDUCATION COURSE ARTICULATION REVIEW MINUTES

Articulation Agreement Identifier: <u>EET 104 (2011-1)</u> Instruction version number (e.g.; INT 100 (2007-1)).	Identifier is the postsecondary course prefix followed by Plan-of-
Applicable CIP code(s):15.0303	
Postsecondary course prefix, number, and title:EET 104 AC F	undamentals
Secondary Education course(s) title and number:431510/4300	59 - Alternating Current
nitial Review:Nov 5, 2009 DPE Annual Revie	ew: February 15, 2012
Effective date: Fall Semester 2011.	

Notes:

- 1 Skills and knowledge contained in the postsecondary course objectives must be present in the corresponding secondary objectives for a "match" to occur.
- 2. Postsecondary and Secondary objectives must reflect similar content and performance levels before the course articulation agreement will be recommended to the TEDAC Oversight Committee.

Course Content Analysis (all postsecondary course objectives must be sufficiently addressed in the secondary courses):

3. More than one Secondary course may be used in order to articulate to a Postsecondary course.

Postsecondary Course Objectives	Secondary Courses and Objectives	TEDAC Comments
Module A Principles of AC Electricity	Alternating Current	
	Unit 1-2 – Terminology and Symbols	
Competency:	Content Standard(s)	
A1.0 Explain elements of AC electrical theory.	Explain electrical terms, including alternating current,	
Performance Objective	frequency, period, sine wave, capacitance, and inductance.	
This competency is measured cognitively.	Interpret electrical symbols.	
Learning Objectives:	Learning Objective(s)	
A1.1.1 Identify the particles in an atom.	Define and explain electrical terms.	
A1.1.2 State the electrical charge of the atomic particles.	Identify and interpret common electrical symbols.	
A1.1.3 Define voltage, current, resistance, and power.	Unit 3 – Magnetism	
A1.1.4 State the units of measurement for voltage, current,	Content Standard(s)	
resistance, and power.	3. Explain terms and principles of electromagnetism, including	
A1.1.5 Describe the relationship between, voltage, current,	permeability, retentivity, and inductance.	
resistance, and power.	Learning Objective(s)	
A1.1.6 Explain the function of voltage sources.	Define magnetism.	
A1.1.7 State Ohm's Law.	Explain the function of magnetism in electricity.	
A1.1.8 State the Power Law.	3. Define magnetic units.	
A1.1.9 State Kirchoff's Law as applied to AC theory	Identify magnetic units.	
A1.1.10 Describe the relationship between electricity and	Explain the function of magnetic units in electricity.	
magnetism.	6. Define electromagnetic induction.	
A1.1.11 Explain the operation of an electromagnet.	7. Identify electromagnetic units.	
A1.1.12 Explain how magnetic induction works.	8. Explain electromagnetic induction.	
A1.1.13 Identify a sine wave.	Define permeability.	
A1.1.14 Describe period, frequency, and amplitude.	10. Explain permeability.	
A1.1.15 State the unit of measurement for frequency.	11. Define retentivity.	
A1.1.16 Describe peak, peak-to-peak, and effective voltage.	12. Explain retentivity.	
A1.1.17 Describe phase relationships and phase-shift	13. Define inductance.	
A1.1.18 Define capacitance.	14. Explain inductance.	
A1.1.19 State the unit of measurement for capacitance.	Unit 4-6 – Electrical Quantities	
A1.1.20 Define reactance.	Content Standard(s)	
A1.1.21 Define inductance.	4. Explain electrical quantities, including frequency, impedance,	
A1.1.22 State the unit of measurement for inductance.	power, capacitance, inductance, voltage, current, watts, and	
A1.1.23 Describe the function of an inductor in a circuit.	periods.	
	5. Measure electrical units, including volts, amperes, ohms, and	

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Competency: A2.0 Perform tasks in a safe manner. Performance Objective A2.1 Given a variety of lab situations, perform assigned tasks in a safe manner. Learning Objectives: A2.1.1 Identify personal protective equipment. A2.1.2 Explain the use of personal protective equipment. A2.1.3 Explain hazards associated with electrical systems. A2.1.4 Explain lockout/tag out procedures. Competency: A3.0 Value the importance of following safety precautions. Performance Objective A3.1 This competency is measured affectively.	 hertz. 6. Determine electrical quantities utilizing test equipment, including volts, frequency and period, amperes, and power. Learning Objective(s) See above Unit 7-8 - Ohm's Law in Alternating Current Circuits Learning Objective(s) 1. Draw a schematic diagram of an AC series circuit. 2. Draw a schematic diagram of an AC parallel circuit. 3. Draw a schematic diagram of an AC Series Parallel Circuit. 4. Use common test equipment to analyze an AC series circuit. 5. Use common test equipment to analyze a parallel circuit according to specifications. 6. Use common equipment to analyze a series-parallel circuit according to specifications. 7. Use a function generator to set the required voltage and frequency for a function generator. 8. Use a digital multimeter and an oscilloscope to perform an operational checkout of an AC circuit. 9. Use a digital multimeter to troubleshoot an AC circuit and identify the malfunction. 10. Use an oscilloscope to troubleshoot an AC circuit and identify the malfunction. 11. Construct an AC Parallel Circuit containing resistors, capacitors, inductors, or combinations thereof, and test for continuity. 12. Construct an AC Series-Parallel Circuit containing resistors, capacitors, inductors or combinations thereof, and test for continuity. 	
MODULE B – AC Electrical Circuits	Unit 8-12 – Reactive Circuits	
Competency:	Content Standard(s)	
B1.0 Read and interpret electrical circuits.	8. Solve resistive-capacitive circuits.	
Performance Objectives:	Solve resistive-inductive circuits.	
B1.1 Design and construct a variety of AC circuits.	10. Solve resistive-capacitive-inductive circuits.	
Learning Objectives:	11. Analyze filter circuits to determine electrical values, including	

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B1.1.1 Explain terms and symbols used for electrical circuits.	hi-pass, low-pass, band pass, and band stop.	
B1.1.2 State the basic components of an electrical circuit.		
B1.1.3 Identify characteristics of conductors of different	12. Demonstrate troubleshooting techniques for evaluating	
capacities.	reactive circuits.	
B1.1.4 Describe the differences between schematic and wiring	Learning Objective(s)	
diagrams.	Explain the function of inductance.	
B1.1.5 Differentiate between series, parallel, series-parallel	Define inductive reactance. Typlein the function of industive reactance.	
circuits, and RCL circuits.	Explain the function of inductive reactance. Identify inductive aircuits.	
B1.1.6 Explain considerations for using various types of connections when constructing AC circuits.	Identify inductive circuits. Define capacitive reactance.	
connections when constructing AC circuits.	6. Explain the function of capacitive reactance.	
	7. Identify capacitive circuits.	
	8. Identify open circuits in AC circuits.	
MODULE C – Circuit Testing	Identify short circuits in AC circuits.	
Competency:	10. Define RC time constants.	
C1.0 Use electrical test equipment to troubleshoot electrical	11. Explain the function of RC time constants.	
circuits.	12. Define LR time constants.	
Performance Objectives	13. Explain the function of LR time constants.	
C1.1 Given an AC circuit previously developed by the	14. Explain the use of complex numbers for Alternating current	
student, use various instruments to test the circuit to determine	circuits.	
if the readings are in accordance with specifications.	15. State the purpose of transformers.	
Learning Objectives	16. Differentiate between transformers.	
C1.1.1 Explain the characteristics and functions of various	17. Explain the characteristics of transformers.	
instruments used to test electrical circuits.	18. Define resonance.	
C1.1.2 Explain procedures for obtaining readings from various		
instruments used to test electrical circuits.	19. Explain the function of resonance.	
	20. Define filters.	
Performance Objectives	21. Explain the function of filters.	
C1.2 Given various faulty circuits or faulty readings within a	22. Describe the voltage and current phase relationship in a	
circuit, determine the root cause and propose a solution	resistive AC circuit.	
Learning Objectives	23. Describe the voltage and current transients that occur in an	
C1.2.1 Describe the process for determining if a reading is	inductive circuit.	
correct or incorrect.	24. Define inductive reactance and state how it is affected by	
C1.2.2 Explain the procedures for determining the cause of the	frequency.	
malfunction.	25. Describe the voltage and current transients that occur in a	

Postsecondary Course Objectives	Secondary Courses and Objectives	TEDAC Comments
C1.2.3 Explain the procedures for repairing the malfunction. Module D Transformers Competency: D1.0 Use transformers in an industrial setting. Performance Objectives D1.1 Perform transformer wiring functions for various applications. Learning Objectives D1.1.1 Describe the difference between mutual induction and self induction. D1.1.2 Differentiate between the input side and load side of a transformer. D1.1.3 Define Impedance. D1.1.4 Identify various transformer types such as step up, step down, single phase, auto transformers, and polyphase. D1.1.5 Explain the operation of transformers including action and counter action of the primary and secondary magnetic	capacitive circuit. 26. Define capacitive reactance and state how it is affected by frequency. 27. Explain the relationship between voltage and current in the following types of AC circuits: RL circuit RC circuit LC circuit RLC circuit RLC circuit Describe the effect that resonant frequency has on impedance and current flow in a series or parallel Resonant circuit. 29. Define bandwidth and describe how it is affected by resistance in a series or parallel resonant circuit. 30. Explain the following terms as they relate to AC circuits: True power Apparent power Reactive power	
fields. D1.1.6 Explain the function of a center tap. D1.1.7 Calculate primary and secondary ratios for voltage, current, turns, power, and impedance. D1.1.8 Identify primary leads, secondary leads, and transformer polarity from a schematic diagram. D1.1.9 Differentiate between delta and wye connections. D1.1.10 Explain the relationship of line current to coil current and line voltage in Wye and Delta configurations of polyphase transformers. D1.1.11 Explain the purpose of isolation in a transformer.	Power factor 31. Troubleshoot circuits.	