TRENHOLM STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2022

With Independent Auditor's Report



TRENHOLM STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE Montgomery, Alabama

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees of Trenholm State Community College Tuscaloosa, Alabama

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Trenholm State Community College ("the College"), a component unit of the State of Alabama, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Trenholm State Community College as of September 30, 2022, and the changes in financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Trenholm State Community College, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Prior Period Financial Statements

The financial statements of the Trenholm State Community College as of September 30, 2021 were audited by other auditors whose report dated October 28, 2022 expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Trenholm State Community College's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



To the Board of Trustees of Trenholm State Community College Tuscaloosa, Alabama Page 2

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Trenholm State Community College's internal control. Accordingly, no such
 opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Trenholm State Community College's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 4 through 11, the Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of the College's Contributions – Pension, the Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Liability and the Schedule of the College's Contributions – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) on



To the Board of Trustees of Trenholm State Community College Tuscaloosa, Alabama Page 3

pages 37 through 40 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Bank, Finley White & Co.

Birmingham, Alabama January 17, 2023

INTRODUCTION

The following discussion presents an overview of the financial position and financial performance of the College during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, with comparative information for 2021 and 2020. This discussion and analysis has been prepared by management along with the financial statements and related footnote disclosures. This discussion should be read in conjunction with, and is qualified in its entirety by, the financial statements and footnotes. The discussion and analysis is designed to focus on current activities, resulting change and currently known facts. The financial statements, footnotes and this discussion are the responsibility of management.

History, Mission and Governance

H. Councill Trenholm State Community College (hereinafter "the College") is an associate degree granting institution committed to provide accessible educational opportunities for career preparation, advancement, and lifelong learning in Central Alabama. The College is dedicated to providing a dynamic learner centric environment where excellence in teaching, learning, and serving improves the lives of its students and the community it serves. The College seeks to maintain a sound fiscal foundation to support its mission in addition to providing responsible stewardship of public funds in compliance with state laws.

The College is accredited by the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools Commission on Colleges (SACSCOC) to award the Associate in Arts, Associate in Science, and Associate in Applied Science degrees. The Associate Degree and Practical Nursing Programs are approved by the ABN and the ACEN. Its Health Information Technology Program is accredited by the CAHIIM and its Respiratory Therapy Program holds continuing accreditation from the CoARC.

The College provides programs in the areas of academics, health services, technical, corporate partnerships and apprenticeships, elearning, high school programs, workforce development, audit education, community education programs.

The College is govern by the Alabama Community College System Board of Trustees, who play a critical role in the education of hundreds of thousands of adults each year. The Trustees serve as guardians for the Alabama Community College System's missions and goals, with the Governor serving as chair of the Board by virtue of elected office. Remaining board members are appointed from eight districts, with one statewide member and an ex-officio liaison from the State Board of Education.

The board member duties include:

- designating rules and regulations for the government of community and technical colleges,
- prescribing the course of study to be offered and the conditions for granting certificates, diplomas and/or degrees,
- accepting gifts, donations, property, and devices for the benefit of community and technical colleges, and:
- establishing a performance-based allocation process that is equitable and compatible with the services and programs offered by each individual campus.

Overview of Financial Statements

The basic financial statements consist of a series of financial statements, prepared in accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 35, *Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for Public Colleges and Universities*. These financial statements focus on the financial position, results of operations, and cash flows of the College as a whole.

The accompanying documentation presents the College's financial statements for fiscal year 2022, 2021 and 2020. Three financial statements are presented: the Statement of Net Position; the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position; and the Statement of Cash Flows. This discussion and analysis of the College's financial statements provides an overview of financial activities for the years ended September 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020.

An overview of each statement for the College is presented herein along with a financial analysis of the transactions impacting each statement. When appropriate, comparative financial information is presented in the understanding of this analysis.

ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Statement of Net Position

The Statement of Net Position presents the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position of the College at September 30, 2022. The purpose of the Statement of Net Position is to present to the readers of the financial statements a fiscal snapshot of the College. The Statement of Net Position presents end-of-year data concerning assets (current and non-current), deferred outflows of resources, liabilities (current and non-current), deferred inflows of resources, and net position (assets minus liabilities). The difference between current and non-current assets will be discussed in the financial statement disclosures.

From the data presented, readers of the Statement of Net Position are able to determine the assets available to continue the operations of the College. Readers are able to determine the consumption of net position in one period attributable to future periods, deferred outflows of resources. They are also able to determine how much the College owes vendors, investors, and lending institutions. Readers are able to determine the acquisition of net position in one period attributable to future periods, deferred inflows of resources. In summary, the Statement of Net Position provides a picture of the College's assets and deferred outflows of resources in excess of its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and the availability of the excess for expenditure by the College.

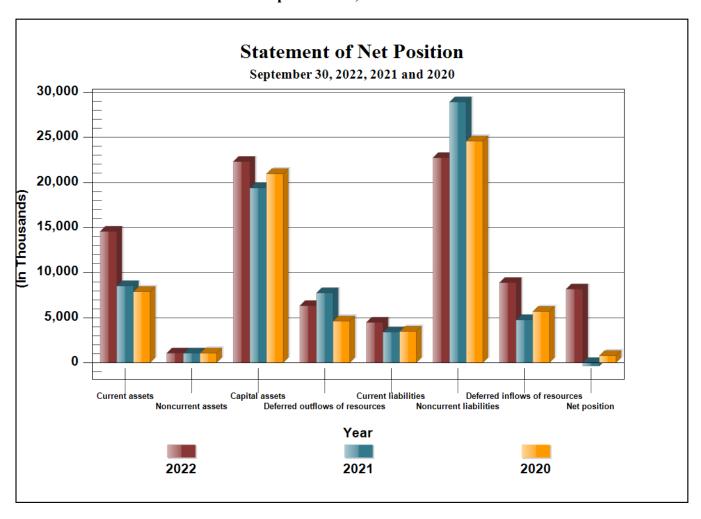
Net Position is divided into three major categories. The first category, Net Investment in Capital Assets, provides the College's equity in property, plant, and equipment. The next category is Restricted Net Position, which is divided into two categories, non-expendable and expendable. The corpus of non-expendable restricted resources is only available for investment purposes. Expendable Restricted Net Position is available for expenditure by the College, but must be spent for purposes as determined by donors and/or external entities that have placed time or purpose restrictions on the use of the assets. The final category is Unrestricted Net Position, which is available to the College for any appropriate purpose.

The condensed statements of net position at September 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020, follow:

Summary Statement of Net Position							
	2022	2021	2020				
ASSETS							
Current assets	\$ 14,598,273	\$ 8,576,323	\$ 7,899,504				
Noncurrent assets	1,125,055	1,122,816	1,112,209				
Capital assets	22,316,678	19,371,226	20,947,898				
Total assets	38,040,006	29,070,365	29,959,611				
Deferred outflows of resources:							
Related to defined benefit pension plan	3,671,310	4,520,280	3,163,821				
Related to other postemployment benefits	2,658,698	3,229,590	1,498,325				
Total deferred outflows of resources	6,330,008	7,749,870	4,662,146				
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 44,370,014	\$ 36,820,235	\$ 34,621,757				
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities	\$ 4,500,302	\$ 3,452,366	\$ 3,535,202				
Noncurrent liabilities	22,760,520	28,902,853	24,552,982				
Total liabilities	27,260,822	32,355,219	28,088,184				
Deferred inflows of resources:							
Related to defined benefit pension plan	4,247,000	358,000	772,000				
Related to other postemployment benefits	4,668,624	4,428,774	4,953,979				
Total deferred inflows of resources	8,915,624	4,786,774	5,725,979				
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets	17,130,857	14,011,817	15,447,898				
Restricted expendable for debt service	-	-	385,550				
Unrestricted	(8,937,289)	(14,333,575)	(15,025,854)				
Total net position	8,193,568	(321,758)	807,594				
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	<u>\$ 44,370,014</u>	\$ 36,820,235	\$ 34,621,757				

Changes in Assets, Liabilities and Net Position

The College's total Net Position increased by \$8,515,326 during the year ended September 30, 2022. The increase is attributable almost exclusively to a year over year increase in nonoperating revenues, which consisted of an increase of over \$916,760 in state appropriations and an increase of approximately \$5,354,151 in federal grants revenue. This increase in federal grants revenue was due to continued support provided by the Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund (HEERF) in response to the adverse effects of the COVID-19 pandemic. This support provided funding for several large capital projects during the fiscal year and will continue to do so in the coming fiscal year.



Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

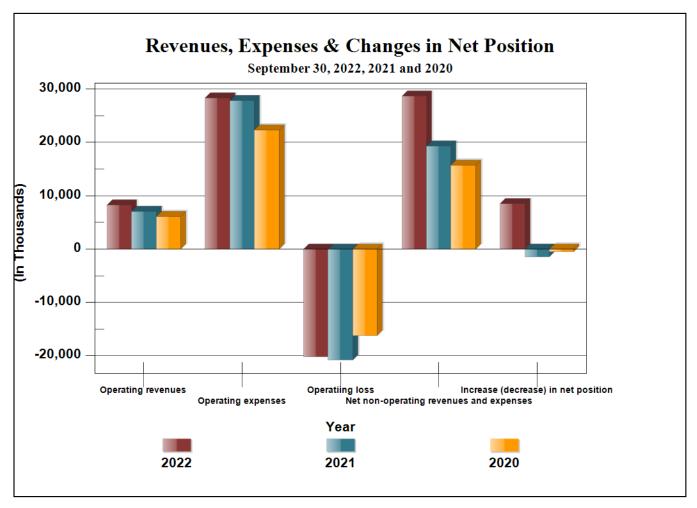
Changes in total Net Position as presented on the Statement of Net Position are based on the activity presented in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. The purpose of the statement is to present the revenues received by the College, both operating and non-operating, and the expenses paid by the institution, operating and non-operating, and any other revenues, expenses, gains and losses received or spent by the College.

Generally speaking, operating revenues are received for providing goods and services to the various customers and constituencies of the College. Operating expenses are those expenses paid to acquire or produce the goods and services provided in return for the operating revenues and to carry out the mission of the College. Non-operating revenues are revenues received for which goods and services are not provided. For example, state appropriations are non-operating because they are provided by the Legislature to the College without the Legislature directly receiving commensurate goods and services for those revenues. Readers of these financial statements should gain an understanding of the impact of the presentation of state appropriations as non-operating revenues as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The impact of the presentation is that the College continuously generates an operating loss. Typically, an operating loss suggests fiscal concerns which should be addressed by the College's administration. The operating loss presented in these financial statements should be viewed in the appropriate context.

The College considers state appropriations to be an integral component of the fiscal viability of the College for without these appropriations the College would have severe difficulty in achieving its mission of providing accessible educational opportunities. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position presents a net increase in the Net Position for the year ending September 30, 2022.

The condensed statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position for the years ended September 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020, follow:

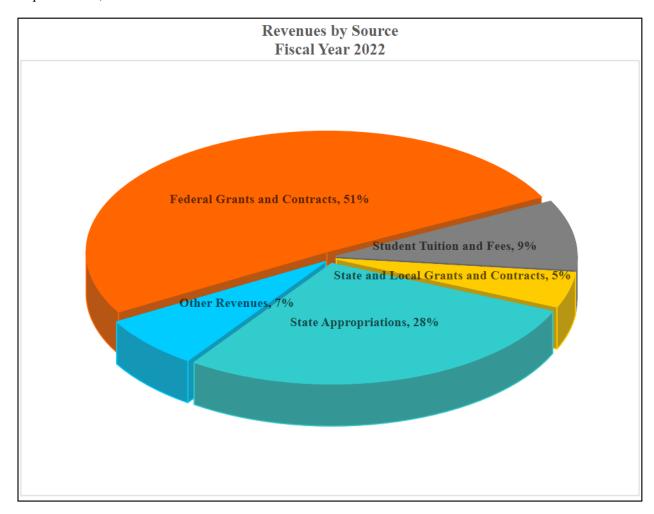
Summary Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position						
	2022	2021	2020			
Operating Revenues	\$ 8,221,627	\$ 7,029,846	\$ 6,057,080			
Operating Expenses	28,377,917	<u>27,803,590</u>	22,326,096			
Operating Loss	(20,156,290)	(20,773,744)	(16,269,016)			
Net Non-operating Revenues and Expenses	28,671,616	19,369,237	15,725,701			
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	8,515,326	(1,404,507)	(543,315)			
Net position-beginning of the year	(321,758)	1,082,749	1,350,909			
Restatement	<u> </u>					
Net position-end of the year	\$ 8,193,568	<u>\$ (321,758)</u>	<u>\$ 807,594</u>			



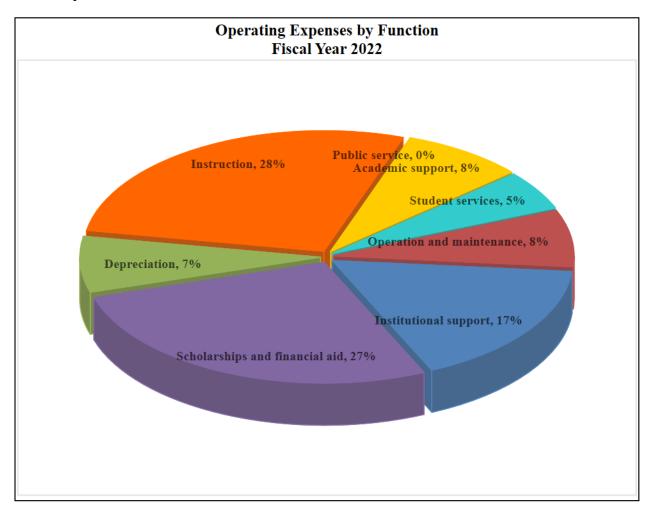
Operating Revenues for the year ended September 30, 2022, increased approximately \$1,191,781 compared to the previous year. State grants and contracts increased over the previous year approximately \$565,362. In addition, federal operating grants increased by approximately \$236,485, and nongovernmental grants and contracts increased by approximately \$60,000. While gross student tuition and fees increased by \$501,628, the student tuition and fees (net of scholarship allowances) \$177,474 remained static from the prior year. All other operating revenue sources were relatively stable for the year.

Operating Expenses for the year ended September 30, 2022, increased approximately 2.066% in comparison to the prior year. Overall, operating expenses remained relatively unchanged from the prior year, with the exceptions being an increase in Student Aid (funded by HEERF) and a decrease in Institutional Support as direct pandemic response expenses decreased from the prior year. Expenses for the nine major functions presented changed as follows: Instruction increased less than 0.3%; Academic Support decreased 13.1%; Student Services increased 11.4%; Institutional Support decreased 24.5%; Operation and Maintenance of Plant expenses increased 1.5%; Student Aid increased 44.5%; and Depreciation decreased 4.8%. The College's enrollment increased slightly in 21-22, as impacts from the COVID-19 pandemic began to subside.

The following is a graphic presentation of the total revenues by source for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022:



The following is a graphic presentation of operating expenditures by function for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022:



Statement of Cash Flows

The final statement presented by H. Councill Trenholm State Community College is the Statement of Cash Flows which presents detailed information about the cash activity of the institution during the year. The statement is divided into five parts. The first part deals with operating cash flows and shows the net cash used by the operating activities of the institution. The second section reflects cash flows from non-capital financing activities. This section reflects the cash received and spent for nonoperating, non-investing, and non-capital financing purposes. The third section deals with cash flows from capital and related financing activities. This section deals with the cash used for the acquisition and construction of capital and related items. The fourth section reflects the cash flows from investing activities and shows the purchases, proceeds, and interest received from investing activities. The fifth section reconciles the net cash used to the operating income or loss reflected on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position.

A condensed Statement of Cash Flows for the years ended September 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020 is presented below:

Summary Statement of Cash Flows						
(in thousand	ds)					
		2022		2021		2020
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	\$	(22,914)	\$	(20,179)	\$	(14,586)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities	*	28,787	4	21,678	7	17,462
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities		(5,233)		(587)		(1,138)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		17		<u>4</u>		6
Net Change in Cash		657		916		1,744
Cash, Beginning of Year		4,019		3,103		1,359
Cash, End of Year	\$	4,676	\$	4,019	\$	3,103

Economic Outlook

As is the case for our nation, state, citizens and businesses, the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic continue to be the single most influential item when discussing economic outlook. The state budget estimates for fiscal year 2022 for Education Trust Fund tax revenues again appear to be very promising and in excess of projections, but the general economic outlook is less optimistic. Inflation has been at 40 year highs for the majority of calendar year 2022, and a recession appears to be imminent. Given the state budget estimates for fiscal year 2022, it is expected that state appropriations will at least remain static and may very well increase for the coming fiscal year. However, given the current inflation pressures and fears of a looming recession, the College administration is keeping this risk of static or decreased state funding in the forefront of its planning. Federal pandemic support through the Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund (HEERF) is set to expire on June 30, 2023, but it is anticipated that the College will be granted a 12 month (or longer) extension on expending these funds due to capital projects in progress at the expiration date. The College will continue to utilize HEERF funding for lost revenues and any other eligible uses until the expiration date. While the College anticipates that enrollment numbers will slowly rebound as the public returns to normal operations in the midst of a postpandemic world, it is anticipated that enrollment numbers will be below the pre-pandemic levels for several years to come. Historically, downturns in the economy lead to increases in the College's enrollment, and this could be beneficial in returning enrollment numbers to pre-pandemic levels. In spite of the potential negative economic outlook, the College administration expects to sustain positive financial stability during the years ahead. As the College continues to grow with the SACSCOC accreditation, operating costs will increase to meet the demand of increased enrollment and additional program offerings. The College plans to utilize funds from the Title III-B grant to initially develop new program offerings. With rebounding enrollments and the continued support of state appropriations and federal HEERF funding, the College has a sound fiscal plan to operate without the use of its reserves to meet the College's needs in the next two years. The College is not aware of any currently known acts, decisions, or conditions that are expected to have a significant effect on the financial position or results of operations during the current fiscal year. The College anticipates the next two fiscal years will be challenging; however, the administration will maintain a close watch over resources to ensure the College's ability to respond proactively to internal and external issues, particularly as related to funding.

TRENHOLM STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION September 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,675,895	\$ 4,019,048
Accounts receivable, net	9,820,865	4,531,768
Other current assets	101,513	25,507
Total current assets	14,598,273	8,576,323
Noncurrent assets:		
Long-term investments	1,125,055	1,122,816
Capital assets:		
Land	474,470	474,470
Improvements other than building	6,588,335	6,588,335
Buildings and building alterations	26,813,549	14,737,803
Building alterations	-	11,275,387
Equipment and furniture	11,148,705	9,545,516
Library holdings	739,049	737,274
Leased right of use assets	435,756	-
Construction in progress	1,262,332	5,656
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(25,145,518)	(23,993,215)
Total capital assets, net of depreciation	<u>22,316,678</u>	<u>19,371,226</u>
Total noncurrent assets	23,441,733	20,494,042
Total assets	38,040,006	29,070,365
Deferred outflows of resources:		
Pension	3,671,310	4,520,280
Other postemployment benefits (OPEB)	<u>2,658,698</u>	3,229,590
Total deferred outflows of resources	6,330,008	<u>7,749,870</u>
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,808,039	1,284,176
Deposit liabilities	268,847	291,462
Unearned revenue	1,972,828	1,605,737
Bond surety fee payable	-	16,592
Compensated absences	41,655	38,256
Capital lease payable	176,619	-
Bonds payable	232,314	216,143
Total current liabilities	4,500,302	3,452,366
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Compensated absences	599,185	549,059
Capital lease payable	64,201	-
Bonds payable	4,870,660	5,143,266
Net pension liability	12,256,000	17,007,000
Net OPEB liability	4,970,474	6,203,528
Total noncurrent liabilities	22,760,520	28,902,853
Total liabilities	27,260,822	32,355,219

TRENHOLM STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION (CONT'D) September 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021
Deferred inflows of resources		
Pension	4,247,000	358,000
Other postemployment benefits (OPEB)	4,668,624	4,428,774
Total deferred inflows of resources	8,915,624	4,786,774
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	17,130,857	14,011,817
Unrestricted	(8,937,289)	(14,333,575)
Total net position	\$ 8,193,568	<u>\$ (321,758)</u>

TRENHOLM STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION For the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021
REVENUES		
Operating revenues:		
Student tuition and fees (Net of scholarship allowances		
of \$3,980,353 and \$3,656,199 for 2022 and 2021, respectively)	\$ 3,477,837	\$ 3,300,363
Federal grants and contracts	2,912,536	2,676,051
State grants and contracts	1,618,794	1,053,432
Local grants and contracts	152,460	-
Nongovernmental grants and contracts	60,000	-
Total operating revenues	8,221,627	7,029,846
EXPENSES		
Operating expenses:		
Instruction	7,827,398	7,807,582
Public service	609	-
Academic support	2,323,162	2,673,645
Student services	1,500,762	1,347,430
Operation and maintenance	2,161,726	2,129,575
Institutional support	4,755,724	6,298,788
Scholarships and financial aid	7,687,187	5,318,951
Depreciation	2,121,349	2,227,619
Total operating expenses	28,377,917	27,803,590
Operating income (loss)	(20,156,290)	(20,773,744)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
State appropriations	10,527,865	9,611,105
Federal grants	15,527,787	10,173,636
Investment income (net of investment expense)	18,988	15,250
Gifts	8,000	57,843
Bond surety fee	(29,453)	(29,173)
Other nonoperating revenue (expense)	2,708,121	(253,185)
Interest on indebtedness	(89,692)	(206,239)
Net nonoperating revenues	28,671,616	19,369,237
Changes in net position	8,515,326	(1,404,507)
Total net position - beginning of the year, as restated	(321,758)	1,082,749
Total net position - end of the year	\$ 8,193,568	<u>\$ (321,758)</u>

TRENHOLM STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Tuition and fees	\$ 2,840,991	\$ 3,931,245
Federal grants and contracts	360,009	335,459
State grants and contracts	-	1,136,368
Payments to suppliers	(4,854,036)	(7,083,493)
Payments to employees	(10,342,383)	(9,904,375)
Payments for benefits	(3,230,916)	(3,274,932)
Payments for scholarships	(7,687,187)	(5,318,950)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(22,913,522)	(20,178,678)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
State appropriations	10,527,865	9,611,105
Federal grants	17,804,508	12,337,982
Bond surety fee	(46,046)	(25,386)
Other nonoperating revenue	500,692	(245,722)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	28,787,019	21,677,979
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED		
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Purchase of capital assets	(4 601 227)	(600,567)
Principal paid on capital debt	(4,691,337) (399,935)	(5,500,000)
Interest paid on capital debt	(141,127)	(231,745)
Proceeds from capital debt	(141,127)	5,150,000
Bond premium	_	209,409
Trustee deposit	_	385,501
Other capital and related financing	(1,000)	-
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	(5,233,399)	(587,402)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		1 112 200
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	16.740	1,112,209
Investment income	16,749	15,249
Purchase of investments	16,749	(1,122,816) 4,642
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	10,749	4,042
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	656,847	916,540
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the year	4,019,048	3,102,508
Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year	\$ 4,675,895	\$ 4,019,048
RECONCILIATION OF NET OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Decrease in operating income	\$ (20,156,290)	\$ (20,773,744)
Adjustments to reconcile net operating income (loss) to net cash	. (- / / /	
provided (used) by operating activities:		
Depreciation expense	2,121,349	2,227,619
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) decrease in receivables, net	(5,289,096)	(2,009,463)
(Increase) decrease in other assets	(76,007)	-
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows	1,419,863	(3,087,725)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	523,864	(503,945)
Increase (decrease) in deposits held for others	(22,615)	143,724
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue	367,091	238,965
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	53,523	(21,567)
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	(4,751,000)	2,538,000
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liability	(1,233,054)	2,008,663
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows	4,128,850 \$ (22,913,522)	(939,205) \$ (20,178,678)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>φ (22,913,322</u>)	<u>\$ (20,178,678)</u>

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Trenholm State Community College (the "College") are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies of the College are described below.

Reporting Entity

The College is a component unit of the State of Alabama. A component unit is a legally separate organization for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in Statement Number 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," states that a primary government is financially accountable for a component unit if it appoints a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) it is able to impose its will on that organization or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. In this case, the primary government is the State of Alabama which through the Alabama Community College System Board of Trustees governs the Alabama Community College System. The Alabama Community College System through its Chancellor has the authority and responsibility for the operation, management, supervision and regulation of the College. In addition, the College receives a substantial portion of its funding from the State of Alabama (potential to impose a specific financial burden). Based on these criteria, the College is considered for financial reporting purposes to be a component unit of the State of Alabama.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The financial statements of the College have been prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

It is the policy of the College to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred and then apply unrestricted resources when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position distinguishes between operating and nonoperating revenues. Operating revenues, such as tuition and fees, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activities of the College. Exchange transactions are those in which each party to the transactions receives or gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues arise from exchange transactions not associated with the College's principal activities, such as investment income and from all nonexchange transactions, such as state appropriations.

<u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred In flows of Resources, and Net Position</u>

Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Statutes authorize the College to invest in the same type of instruments as allowed by Alabama law for domestic life insurance companies. This includes a wide range of investments, such as direct obligations of the United States of America, obligations issued or guaranteed by certain federal agencies, and bonds of any state, county, city, town, village, municipality, district or other political subdivision of any state or any instrumentality or board thereof or of the United States of America that meet specified criteria.

Investments are reported at fair value based on quoted market prices, except for money market investments and repurchase agreements, which are reported at amortized cost.

Receivables

Accounts receivable relate to amounts due from federal grants, state grants, third party tuition, and student receivables. The receivables are shown net of allowance for doubtful accounts.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, other than intangibles, with a unit cost of over \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year, and all library books, are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. The capitalization threshold for intangible assets such as capitalized software and internally generated computer software is \$1 million and \$100,000 for easements and land use rights and patents, trademarks and copyrights. In addition, works of art and historical treasures and similar assets are recorded at their historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value (an entry price). Land, Construction in Progress and intangible assets with indefinite lives are the only capital assets that are not depreciated. Depreciation is not allocated to a functional expense category. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend its life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Maintenance and repairs are charged to operations when incurred. Betterments and major improvements which significantly increase values, change capacities or extend useful lives are capitalized. Upon the sale or retirement of fixed assets being depreciated using the straight-line method, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the results of operation.

The method of depreciation and useful lives of the capital assets are as follows:

Assets	Depreciation Method	Useful Lives
Buildings	Straight-Line	50 years
Building Alterations	Straight-Line	25 years
Improvements Other Than Buildings	Straight-Line	25 years
Equipment > \$25,000	Straight-Line	10 years
Equipment < \$25,000	Straight-Line	5 years
Library Materials	Composite	20 years
Capitalized Software	Straight-Line	10 years
Easement and Land Use Rights	Straight-Line	20 years
Patents, Trademarks and Copyrights	Straight-Line	20 years

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources are reported in the Statement of Net Position. Deferred outflows of resources are defined as a consumption of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred outflows of resources increase net position, similar to assets.

Long-Term Obligations

Long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Bond/Warrant premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds.

Compensated Absences

No liability is recorded for sick leave. Substantially all employees of the College earn 12 days of sick leave each year with unlimited accumulation. Payment is not made to employees for unpaid sick leave at termination or retirement.

All non-instructional employees earn annual leave at a rate which varies from 12 to 24 days per year depending on duration of employment, with accumulation limited to 60 days. Instructional employees do not earn annual leave. Payment is made to employees for unused leave at termination or retirement.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources are reported in the Statement of Net Position. Deferred inflows of resources are defined as an acquisition of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred inflows of resources decrease net position, similar to liabilities.

Unearned Tuition and Fee Revenue

Tuition and fee revenues received for Fall Term but related to the portion of the Term that occurs in the subsequent fiscal year have been disclosed as unearned revenues.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, the Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama (the "Plan") financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Contributions are recognized as revenues when earned, pursuant to plan requirements. Benefits and refunds are recognized as revenues when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan. Expenses are recognized when the corresponding liability is incurred, regardless of when the payment is made. Investments are reported at fair value. Financial statements are prepared in accordance with requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Under these requirements, the Plan is considered a component unit of the State of Alabama and is included in the State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

The Alabama Retired Education Employees' Health Care Trust (the "Trust") financial statements are prepared by using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Trust and additions to/deductions from the Trust's fiduciary net position. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due pursuant to plan requirements. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Subsequent events were evaluated by management through the date the financial statements were issued.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Net Position

Net position is required to be classified for accounting and reporting purposes into the following categories:

• Net Investment in Capital Assets - Capital assets, including restricted capital assets, reduced by accumulated depreciation and by outstanding principal balances of debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position. Any significant unspent related debt proceeds or inflows of resources at year-end related to capital assets are not included in this calculation.

• Restricted:

- <u>Nonexpendable</u> Net position subject to externally imposed stipulations that they be maintained permanently by the College.
- <u>Expendable</u> Net position whose use by the College is subject to externally imposed stipulations that can be fulfilled by actions of the College pursuant to those stipulations or that expire by the passage of time.
- Unrestricted Net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position. Unrestricted resources may be designated for specific purposes by action of management or the Alabama Community College System Board of Trustees.

Federal Financial Assistance Programs

The College participates in various federal programs. Federal programs are audited in accordance with Title 2 U. S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance).

Scholarship Allowances and Student Aid

Student tuition and fees are reported net of scholarship allowances and discounts. The amount for scholarship allowances and discounts is the difference between the stated charge for goods and services provided by the College and the amount that is paid by the student and/or third parties making payments on behalf of the student. The College uses the case-by-case method to determine the amount of scholarship allowances and discounts.

Implementation of New Accounting Pronouncements

During the current Fiscal Year, the College implemented the following new accounting pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB):

- GASB Statement No. 87, Leases, changed the recognition and reporting requirement of leases.
- GASB Statement No. 80, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of the Construction Period.
- GASB Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

- GASB Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates
- GASB Statement No. 95, Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance, postponed the effective dates of pronouncements that were scheduled to become effective during the current reporting year.

Change in Accounting Estimates

Beginning October 1, 2020, the accounting estimated useful lives for Equipment and Building Alterations have been updated. The change in accounting estimates include the move from the composite method to straight-line depreciation for Equipment and Improvements Other Than Buildings. Additionally, there is an addition of a Building Alteration assets class.

Several factors lead to the accounting estimated changes. The composite method is an antiquated calculation standard developed before software had the capability of individually tracking capital assets. (The composite method will be retained for library books, as there is not a reasonable alternative method for these purchases and most of the colleges are purchasing library books at a non-material rate). The accounting software utilized by the Alabama Community College System calculates depreciation on a straight-line basis.

The establishment of a Building Alterations Asset Class is necessary to separately account for the building alterations, so that records of renovations and improvements can be identified and calculated by project, with a 25-year estimate of the life for qualifying projects.

The change in estimate resulted in an increase to depreciation and a decrease to Net Investment in Plant in the amount of \$595,943 for 2021.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

The College's deposits at year-end were held by financial institutions in the State of Alabama's Security for Alabama Funds Enhancement (SAFE) Program. The SAFE Program was established by the Alabama Legislature and is governed by the provisions contained in the *Code of Alabama 1975*, Sections 41-14A-1 through 41-14A-14. Under the SAFE Program all public funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the Alabama State Treasurer's Office. Under this program, financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that financial institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). If the securities pledged fail to produce adequate funds, every institution participating in the pool would share the liability for the remaining balance.

The Statement of Net Position classification "cash and cash equivalents" includes all readily available cash such as petty cash, demand deposits, and certificates of deposits with maturities of three months or less

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONT'D)

Investments

The College may invest its funds in a manner consistent with all applicable state and federal regulations. All monies shall be placed in interest-bearing accounts unless legally restricted by an external agency. Investments in debt securities are limited to the two highest quality credit rating as described by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). Obligations of the U. S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U. S. government are excluded from this requirement. Permissible investments include: 1) U. S. Treasury bills, notes, bonds, and stripped Treasuries 2) U. S. Agency notes, bonds, debentures, discount notes and certificates, 3) certificates of deposit (CDs), checking and money market accounts of savings and loan associations, mutual savings banks, or commercial banks whose accounts are insured by FDIC/FSLIC, and who are designated a Qualified Public Depository (QPD) under the SAFE Program; 4) mortgage backed securities (MBSs), 5) mortgage-related securities including collateralized mortgage obligations (CMOs) and real estate mortgage investment conduits (REMIC) securities, 6) repurchase agreements, and 7) stocks and bonds which have been donated to the institution.

The College's portfolio shall consist primarily of bank CDs and interest-bearing accounts, U. S. Treasury securities, debentures of a U. S. Government Sponsored Entity (GSE) and securities backed by collateral issued by GSEs.

In order to diversify the portfolio's exposure to concentration risk, the portfolio's maximum allocation to specific product sectors is, 1) U. S. Treasury bills, notes and bonds can be held without limitation as to amount. Stripped treasuries shall never exceed 50 percent of the institution's total investment portfolio. Maximum maturity of these securities shall be ten years, and 2) U. S. Agency securities shall have limitations of 50 percent of the College's total investment portfolio for each Agency, with two exceptions: TVA and SLMA shall be limited to ten percent of total investments. Maximum maturity of these securities shall be ten years. 3) CDs with savings and loan associations, mutual savings banks, or commercial banks may be held without limit provided the depository is a QPD under the SAFE Program. CD maturity shall not exceed five years. 4) The aggregate total of all MBSs may not exceed 50 percent of the institution's total investment portfolio. The aggregate average life maturity for all holdings of MBS shall not exceed seven years, while the maximum average life maturity of any one security shall not exceed ten years. 5) The total portfolio of mortgage related securities shall not exceed 50 percent of the institution's total investment portfolio. The aggregate average life maturity for all holdings shall not exceed seven years while the average life maturity of one security shall not exceed ten years. 6) The College may enter into a repurchase agreement so long as: (a) the repurchase securities are legal investments under state law for colleges; (b) the College receives a daily assessment of the market value of the repurchase securities, including accrued interest, and maintains an adequate margin that reflects a risk assessment of the repurchase securities and the term of the transaction; and (c) the College has entered into signed contracts with all approved counterparties. 7) The College has discretion to determine if it should hold or sell other investments that it may receive as a donation.

The College shall not invest in stripped mortgage-backed securities, residual interest in CMOs, mortgage servicing rights or commercial mortgage related securities.

Investment of debt proceeds and deposits with trustees is governed by the provisions of the debt agreement. Funds may be invested in any legally permissible document.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONT'D)

Endowment donations shall be invested in accordance with the procedures and policies developed by the College and approved by the Chancellor in accordance with the "Alabama Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act", Code of Alabama 1975, Section 19-3C-1 and following.

The Statement of Net Position investment classification consists of a non-negotiable certificate of deposit in the amount of \$1,125,055. Certificates of deposit are not subject to risk categorization because they are considered deposits for the purpose of this note.

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables are reported net of uncollectible amounts and are summarized as follows:

Accounts Receivable	2022	2021
Federal	\$ 6,901,691	\$ 2,904,188
State	819,474	502,496
Local	69,300	-
Third Party	881,359	610,077
Other	 192,325	36,131
Total accounts receivable	 8,864,149	 4,052,892
Student Receivable		
Current	1,781,704	1,303,864
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	 (824,988)	(824,988)
Total student receivable, net	 956,716	 478,876
Total receivables	\$ 9,820,865	\$ 4,531,768

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deductions	Adjustments	Ending Balance
Land Improvements other than buildings Buildings Building alterations Equipment Library holdings Lease right of use assets	\$ 474,470 6,588,335 14,737,803 11,275,387 9,545,517 737,273	\$ - 800,358 2,583,737 1,776 435,756	\$ - - - 980,548 - -	\$ - - - - - -	\$ 474,470 6,588,335 14,737,803 12,075,745 11,148,706 739,049 435,756
Construction in process Total	5,656 43,364,441	2,057,035 5,878,662	800,359 1,780,907		1,262,332 47,462,196
Less: Accumulated depreciation Improvements other than buildings Buildings Building alterations Equipment Library holdings Lease right of use assets Total accumulated depreciation Capital assets, net	3,048,755 8,688,075 4,049,917 7,673,831 532,637 - 23,993,215 \$ 19,371,226	229,105 411,472 532,376 734,245 20,114 194,037 2,121,349 \$ 3,757,313	969,046 - - 969,046 \$ 811,861	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	3,277,860 9,099,547 4,582,293 7,439,030 552,751 194,037 25,145,518 \$ 22,316,678

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONT'D)

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deductions	Reclassification/ Adjustments	Ending Balance
Land	\$ 474,470	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 474,470
Improvements other than buildings	6,588,335	-	-	-	6,588,335
Buildings	26,013,190	-	-	(11,275,387)	14,737,803
Building alterations	-	-	-	11,275,387	11,275,387
Equipment	8,931,194	614,323	-	-	9,545,517
Library holdings	706,305	30,968	-	-	737,273
Lease right of use assets	=	=	-	-	<u>-</u>
Construction in process	-	5,656	-	-	5,656
Total	42,713,494	650,947			43,364,441
Less: Accumulated depreciation					
Improvements other than buildings	2,819,650	229,105	-	-	3,048,755
Buildings	11,299,507	342,180	-	(2,953,612)	8,688,075
Building alterations	-	500,362	-	3,549,555	4,049,917
Equipment	7,138,450	535,381	-	- 1	7,673,831
Library holdings	507,989	24,648	_	_	532,637
Lease right of use assets	-	,	_	_	-
Total accumulated depreciation	21,765,596	1,631,676		595,943	23,993,215
Capital assets, net	\$ 20,947,898	\$ (980,729)	\$ -	\$ (595,943)	\$ 19,371,226

NOTE 5 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement plan, was established as of September 15, 1939, under the provisions of Act 419 of the Legislature of 1939 for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other specified benefits for qualified persons employed by State-supported educational institutions. The responsibility for the general administration and operation of the TRS is vested in its Board of Control.

The TRS Board of Control consists of 15 trustees. The plan is administered by the Retirement Systems of Alabama (RSA). Title 16-Chapter 25 of the Code of Alabama grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the TRS Board of Control. The Plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.rsa-al.gov.

Benefits Provided

State law establishes retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits and any ad hoc increase in postretirement benefits for the TRS. Benefits for TRS members vest after 10 years of creditable service. TRS members are eligible for retirement after age 60 with 10 years or more of creditable service or with 25 years of service (regardless of age) and are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life. Service and disability retirement benefits are based on a guaranteed minimum or a formula method, with the member receiving payment under the method that yields the highest monthly benefit. Under the formula method, members of the TRS are allowed 2.0125% of their average final compensation (highest 3 of the last 10 years) for each year of service.

NOTE 5 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONT'D)

Act 377 of the Legislature of 2012, established a new tier of benefits (Tier 2) for members hired on or after January 1, 2013. Tier 2 TRS members are eligible for retirement after age 62 with 10 years or more of creditable service and are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life. Service and disability retirement benefits are based on a guaranteed minimum or a formula method, with the member receiving payment under the method that yields the highest monthly benefit. Under the formula method, Tier 2 members of the TRS are allowed 1.65% of their average final compensation (highest 5 of the last 10 years) for each year of service. Members are eligible for disability retirement if they have 10 years of credible service, are currently in-service, and determined by the RSA Medical Board to be permanently incapacitated from further performance of duty. Preretirement death benefits are calculated and paid to the beneficiary based on the member's age, service credit, employment status and eligibility for retirement.

Contributions

Covered members of the TRS contributed 5% of earnable compensation to the TRS as required by statute until September 30, 2011. From October 1, 2011 to September 30, 2012, covered members of the TRS were required by statute to contribute 7.25% of earnable compensation. Effective October 1, 2012, covered members of the TRS were required by statute to contribute 7.50% of earnable compensation. Certified law enforcement, correctional officers and firefighters of the TRS contributed 6% of earnable compensation as required by statute until September 30, 2011. From October 1, 2011 to September 30, 2012, certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the TRS were required by statute to contribute 8.25% of earnable compensation. Effective October 1, 2012, certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the TRS are required by statute to contribute 8.50% of earnable compensation.

Tier 2 covered members of the TRS contribute 6% of earnable compensation to the TRS as required by statute. Tier 2 certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the TRS are required by statute to contribute 7% of earnable compensation until September 30, 2021. Effective October 1, 2021, Tier 2 covered members were required by statute to contribute 6.2% of earnable compensation. Tier 2 certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the TRS are required by statute to contribute 7.2% of earnable compensation.

Participating employers' contractually required contribution rate for the year ended September 30, 2022, was 12.36% of annual pay for Tier 1 members and 11.22% of annual pay for Tier 2 members. These required contribution rates are a percent of annual payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with member contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Total employer contributions to the pension plan from the College were \$1,141,310 for the year ended September 30, 2022.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At September 30, 2022, the College reported a liability of \$12,256,000 for its proportionate share of the collective net pension liability. The collective net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the collective net pension liability was determined

NOTE 5 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONT'D)

by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2020. The College's proportion of the collective net pension liability was based on the employers' shares of contributions to the pension plan relative to the total employer contributions of all participating TRS employers. At September 30, 2021, the College's proportion was 0.130099% which was an increase of 0.007390% from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2020.

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the College recognized pension expense of \$1,141,310. At September 30, 2022, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	C	Deferred Dutflows Resource]	Deferred Inflows Resources
		(In The	ousands)	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	567	\$	714
Changes of assumptions		1,286		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		2,893
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions		677		640
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,141		_
Total	\$	3,671	\$	4,247
10tai	Φ.	3,071	φ	4,247

The amount of \$1,141,000 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from College contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending September 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending (In Thousands)	
September 30, 2022	\$ (47)
2023	\$ (153)
2024	\$ (535)
2025	\$ (982)
2026	\$ -
Thereafter	\$ -

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%
Investment Rate of Return (*)	7.45%
Projected Salary Increases	3.25% - 5.00%
(*) Net of pension plan investment expense	

The actuarial assumptions used in the September 30, 2020, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period October 1, 2015 through September 30, 2020.

NOTE 5 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONT'D)

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Teacher tables, projected generationally using scale MP-2020 adjusted by 66-2/3% beginning with year 2019. The Mortality rates have been adjusted 108% for males ages 63 and younger, 96% for males age 67 and older, 112% for females ages 69 and younger, and 98% for females age 74 and older.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are as follows:

	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return (*)
T. 17	4.5.00.07	2 00 0/
Fixed Income	15.00 %	2.80 %
U.S. Large Stocks	32.00 %	8.00 %
U.S. Mid Stocks	9.00 %	10.00 %
U.S. Small Stocks	4.00 %	11.00 %
International Developed Market Stocks	12.00 %	9.50 %
International Emerging Market Stocks	3.00 %	11.00 %
Alternatives	10.00 %	9.00 %
Real Estate	10.00 %	6.50 %
Cash Equivalents	<u>5.00</u> %	2.50 %
Total	100.00 %	
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate.

Based on those assumptions, components of the pension plan's fiduciary net position were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the College's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the College's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.45%, as well as what the College's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is I-percentage point lower (6.45%) or I-percentage point higher (8.45%) than the current rate:

NOTE 5 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONT'D)

	Decrease (6.45%)	 rent Rate 7.45%)	Increase 3.45%)
Proportionate share of collective net pension liability	\$ 18,039	\$ 12,256	\$ 7,385

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued RSA Comprehensive Annual Report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. The supporting actuarial information is included in the GASB Statement No. 67 Report for the TRS prepared as of September 30, 2021. The auditor's report on the Schedule of Employer Allocations and Pension Amounts by Employer and accompanying notes detail by employer and in aggregate information needed to comply with GASB 68. The additional financial and actuarial information is available at http://www.rsa-al.gov/index.php/employers/financial-reports/gasb-68-reports/.

NOTE 6 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Plan Description

The Alabama Retired Education Employees' Health Care Trust (the "Trust") is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan that administers healthcare benefits to the retirees of participating state and local educational institutions. The Trust was established under the Alabama Retiree Health Care Funding Act of 2007 which authorized and directed the Public Education Employees' Health Insurance Board (PEEHIB) to create an irrevocable trust to fund postemployment healthcare benefits to retirees participating in the Public Education Employees' Health Insurance Plan (PEEHIP). Active and retiree health insurance benefits are paid through PEEHIP. In accordance with GASB, the Trust is considered a component unit of the State of Alabama (the "State") and is included in the State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

The PEEHIP was established in 1983 pursuant to the provisions of the *Code of Alabama 1975*, Section 16-25A-4, (Act Number 83-455, Acts of Alabama) to provide a uniform plan of health insurance for active and retired employees of state and local educational institutions which provide instruction at any combination of grades K-14 (collectively, eligible employees), and to provide a method for funding the benefits related to the plan. The four-year universities participate in the plan with respect to their retired employees and are eligible and may elect to participate in the plan with respect to their active employees.

Responsibility for the establishment of the health insurance plan and its general administration and operations is vested in the PEEHIB. The PEEHIB is a corporate body for purposes of management of the health insurance plan. The *Code of Alabama 1975*, Section 16-25A-4, provides the PEEHIB with the authority to amend the benefit provisions in order to provide reasonable assurance of stability in future years for the plan. All assets of the PEEHIP are held in trust for the payment of health insurance benefits. The Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama (TRS) has been appointed as the administrator of the PEEHIP and, consequently, serves as the administrator of the Trust.

Benefits Provided

PEEHIP offers a basic hospital medical plan to active members and non-Medicare eligible retirees. Benefits include inpatient hospitalization for a maximum of 365 days without a dollar limit, inpatient rehabilitation, outpatient care, physician services, and prescription drugs.

NOTE 6 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONT'D)

Active employees and non-Medicare eligible retirees who do not have Medicare eligible dependents can enroll in a health maintenance organization (HMO) in lieu of the basic hospital medical plan. The HMO includes hospital medical benefits, dental benefits, vision benefits, and an extensive formulary. However, participants in the HMO are required to receive care from a participating physician in the HMO plan.

The PEEHIP offers four optional plans (Hospital Indemnity, Cancer, Dental, and Vision) that may be selected in addition to or in lieu of the basic hospital medical plan or HMO. The Hospital Indemnity Plan provides a per-day benefit for hospital confinement, maternity, intensive care, cancer, and convalescent care. The Cancer Plan covers cancer disease only and benefits are provided regardless of other insurance. Coverage includes a per-day benefit for each hospital confinement related to cancer. The Dental Plan covers diagnostic and preventative services, as well as basic and major dental services. Diagnostic and preventative services include oral examinations, teeth cleaning, x-rays, and emergency office visits. Basic and major services include fillings, general aesthetics, oral surgery not covered under a Group Medical Program, periodontics, endodontics, dentures, bridgework, and crowns. Dental services are subject to a maximum of \$1,250 per year for individual coverage and \$1,000 per person per year for family coverage. The Vision Plan covers annual eye examinations, eyeglasses, and contact lens prescriptions.

PEEHIP members may opt to elect the PEEHIP Supplemental Plan as their hospital medical coverage in lieu of the PEEHIP Hospital Medical Plan. The PEEHIP Supplemental Plan provides secondary benefits to the member's primary plan provided by another employer. Only active and non-Medicare retiree members and dependents are eligible for the PEEHIP Supplemental Plan. There is no premium required for this plan, and the plan covers most out-of-pocket expenses not covered by the primary plan. The plan cannot be used as a supplement to Medicare, the PEEHIP Hospital Medical Plan, or the State or Local Governmental Plans administered by the State Employees' Insurance Board (SEIB).

Effective January 1, 2020, Medicare eligible members and Medicare eligible dependents who are covered on a retiree contract were enrolled in the Humana Group Medicare Advantage plan for PEEHIP. The plan is fully insured, and members are able to have all of their Medicare Part A (hospital insurance), Part B (medical insurance), and Part D (prescription drug coverage) in one convenient plan. Retirees can continue to see their same providers with no interruption and see any doctor who accepts Medicare on a national basis. Members have the same benefits in and out-of-network and there is no additional retiree cost share if a retiree uses an out-of-network provider and no balance billing from the provider.

Contributions

The *Code of Alabama 1975*, Section 16-25A-8, and the *Code of Alabama 1975*, Section 16-25A-8.1, provide the PEEHIB with the authority to set the contribution requirements for plan members and the authority to set the employer contribution requirements for each required class, respectively. Additionally, the PEEHIB is required to certify to the Governor and the Legislature, the amount, as a monthly premium per active employee, necessary to fund the coverage of active and retired member benefits for the following fiscal year. The Legislature then sets the premium rate in the annual appropriation bill.

For employees who retired after September 30, 2005, but before January 1, 2012, the employer contribution of the health insurance premium set forth by the PEEHIB for each retiree class is reduced by 2% for each year of service less than 25 and increased by 2% for each year of service over 25 subject to adjustment by the PEEHIB for changes in Medicare premium costs required to be paid by a retiree. In no case does the employer contribution of the health insurance premium exceed 100% of the total health insurance premium cost for the retiree.

NOTE 6 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONT'D)

For employees who retired after December 31, 2011, the employer contribution to the health insurance premium set forth by the PEEHIB for each retiree class is reduced by 4% for each year of service less than 25 and increased by 2% for each year over 25, subject to adjustment by the PEEHIB for changes in Medicare premium costs required to be paid by a retiree. In no case does the employer contribution of the health insurance premium exceed 100% of the total health insurance premium cost for the retiree. For employees who retired after December 31, 2011, who are not covered by Medicare, regardless of years of service, the employer contribution to the health insurance premium set forth by the PEEHIB for each retiree class is reduced by a percentage equal to 1 % multiplied by the difference between the Medicare entitlement age and the age of the employee at the time of retirement as determined by the PEEHIB. This reduction in the employer contribution ceases upon notification to the PEEHIB of the attainment of Medicare coverage.

OPEB Liabilities. OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At September 30, 2022, the College reported a liability of \$4,970,474 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2020. The College's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the College's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At September 30, 2021, the College's proportion was 0.096200%, which was a decrease of 0.000612% from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2020.

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the College recognized OPEB expense of \$(225,127) with no special funding situations.

At September 30, 2022, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources (in Thousands)		Deferred Inflows of Resourc (in Thousan	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	117,602	\$	1,729,237
Changes of assumptions	1	,770,187		1,926,599
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
OPEB plan investments		-		155,046
Changes in proportion and differences between employer				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		577,588		857,742
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		193,321		
Total	\$ 2	,658,698	\$	4,668,624
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$ 2	193,321	\$	- 1

The \$193,321 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the College's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending September 30, 2023.

NOTE 6 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONT'D)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending	
September 30, 2022	\$ (642,750)
2023	\$ (535,190)
2024	\$ (652,654)
2025	\$ (148,153)
2026	\$ (85,059)
Thereafter	\$ (139,441)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2019, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%			
Projected Salary Increases (1)	3.25% - 5.00%			
Long-Term Investment Rate of Return (2)	7.00%			
Municipal Bond Index Rate at the Measurement Date	2.29%			
Municipal Bond Index Rate at the Prior Measurement Date	2.25%			
Projected Year for Fiduciary Net Position (FNP) to be Depleted	2051			
Single Equivalent Interest Rate at the Measurement Date	3.97%			
Single Equivalent Interest Rate at the Prior Measurement Date	3.05%			
Healthcare Cost Trend Rate:				
Pre-Medicare Eligible	6.50%			
Medicare Eligible	(**)			
Ultimate Trend Rate:	` ,			
Pre-Medicare Eligible	4.50% in 2028			
Medicare Eligible	4.50% in 2025			
(1) Includes 2.75% wage inflation.				
(2) Compounded annually, net of investment expense, and included inflation.				
(**) Initial Medicare claims are set based on scheduled increases through	h plan year 2022.			

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Teacher tables, projected generationally using scale MP-2020 adjusted by 66-2/3% beginning with year 2019. The Mortality rates have been adjusted 108% for males ages 63 and younger, 96% for males age 67 and older, 112% for females ages 69 and younger, and 98% for females age 74 and older.

The decremental assumptions used in the valuation were selected based on the actuarial experience study prepared as of September 30, 2020, submitted to and adopted by the TRS Board on September 13, 2021.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) were based on the September 30, 2020 valuation.

<u>6 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONT'D)</u>

The long-term expected return on plan assets is to be reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every five years, in conjunction with similar analysis for the Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama. Several factors should be considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation), as developed for each major asset class. These ranges should be combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation.

The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years. The long-term expected rate of return on the OPEB plan investments is determined based on the allocation of assets by asset class and by the mean and variance of real returns.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class is summarized below:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return (*)
	20.00.0/	4.40.07
Fixed Income	30.00 %	4.40 %
U.S. Large Stocks	38.00 %	8.00 %
U.S. Mid Stocks	8.00 %	10.00 %
U.S. Small Stocks	4.00 %	11.00 %
International Developed Market Stocks	15.00 %	9.50 %
Cash	<u>5.00</u> %	1.50 %
Total	100.00 %	

^(*) Geometric mean, includes 2.50% inflation.

Discount Rate

The discount rate (also known as the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR), as described by GASB 74) used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.97%. Premiums paid to the Public Education Employees' Health Insurance Board for active employees shall include an amount to partially fund the cost of coverage for retired employees. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan contributions will be made at the current contribution rates. Each year, the State specifies the monthly employer rate that participating school systems must contribute for each active employee. Currently, the monthly employer rate is \$800 per non-university active member.

Approximately, 12.990% of the employer contributions were used to assist in funding retiree benefit payments in 2021 and it is assumed that the 12.990% will increase at the same rate as expected benefit payments for the closed group reaching 20.00%. It is assumed the \$800 rate will increase with inflation at 2.50% starting in 2024. Retiree benefit payments for University members are paid by the Universities and are not included in the cash flow projections. The discount rate determination will use a municipal bond rate to the extent the trust is projected to run out of money before all benefits are paid. Therefore, the projected future benefit payments for all current plan members were projected through 2119.

NOTE 6 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONT'D)

The long-term rate of return is used until the assets are expected to be depleted in 2051, after which the municipal bond rate is used.

<u>Sensitivity of the College's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability to Changes in</u> the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following table presents the College's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the Trust calculated using the current healthcare trend rate, as well as what the collective net OPEB liability would be if calculated using one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

	(5.75 to Pre-I Know to	% Decrease % Decreasing 3.75% for Medicare and vn Decreasing 3.75% for icare Eligible	Trend De 4.75 Mo Know t	Current Healthcare Trend Rate (6.75% Decreasing to 4.75% for Pre- Medicare and Known Decreasing to 4.75 for Medicare Eligible)		% Increase % Decreasing 5.75% for Medicare and vn Decreasing 5.75% for icare Eligible
College's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$	3,900,195	\$	4,970,474	\$	6,349,425

Sensitivity of the College's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the College's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the Trust calculated using the discount rate of 3.97%, as well as what the collective net OPEB liability would be if calculated using one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (2.96%)	Current Rate (3.97%)	1% Increase (4.97%)
College's proportionate share of collective net OPEB liability	\$ 6,113,903	\$ 4,970,474	\$ 4,053,318

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is located in the Trust's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. The supporting actuarial information is included in the GASB Statement Number 74 Report for PEEHIP prepared as of September 30, 2020. Additional financial and actuarial information is available at www.rsa-al.gov.

NOTE 7 - CONSTRUCTION AND OTHER SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

As of September 30, 2022, the College had been awarded approximately \$35,062,338 in contracts and grants on which performance had not been accomplished and funds had not been received. These awards, which represent commitments of sponsors to provide funds for specific purposes, have not been reflected in the financial statements.

NOTE 8 - ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities represent amounts due at September 30, 2022, for goods and services received prior to the end of the fiscal year.

	2022	2021
Salaries and Wages	\$ 407,213	\$ 387,858
Benefits	359,384	353,121
Supplies and Vendors	1,041,442	543,196
Total	<u>\$ 1,808,039</u>	<u>\$ 1,284,175</u>

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liabilities activity for the year ended September 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Current Portion
Bonds Pavable: Revenue Bonds	\$ 5,150,000	\$ -	\$ 205,000	\$ 4,945,000	\$ 210,000
Premium Tatal Parada Paradala	209,409		51,435	<u>157,974</u> 5,102,974	<u>11,143</u> 221,143
Total Bonds Payable Other Liabilities:	5,359,409	-	256,435	3,102,974	221,143
Lease Obligations	- 507.215	435,756	194,935	240,821	176,619
Compensated absences Total Long-Term Liabilities	587,315 \$ 5,946,724	53,523 \$ 489,279	\$ 451,370	\$ 5,984,633	\$ 262,798

Long-term liabilities activity for the year ended September 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Current
	Balance	Additions	Additions Reductions Balance		Portion
Bonds Payable:					
Revenue Bonds	\$ 5,500,000	\$ 5,150,000	\$ 5,500,000	\$ 5,150,000	\$ 205,000
Premium		218,213	8,804	209,409	11,143
Total Bonds Payable	5,500,000	5,368,213	5,508,804	5,359,409	216,143
Other Liabilities:					
Compensated absences	608,883		21,568	587,315	38,256
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 6,108,883	\$ 5,368,213	\$ 5,530,372	\$ 5,946,724	\$ 254,399

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONT'D)

A trustee holds sinking fund deposits, including earnings on investments of these deposits. Revenue from student tuition and fees sufficient to pay the annual debt service are pledged to secure the bonds.

Principal and interest maturity requirements on bond debt are as follows:

Revenue Bonds									
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total						
2022-2023	\$ 210,000	\$ 133,883	\$ 520,888						
2023-2024	220,000	127,583	411,826						
2024-2025	225,000	120,983	345,983						
2025-2026	230,000	114,233	344,233						
2056-2027	240,000	105,033	345,033						
2027-2028	250,000	95,433	345,433						
2028-2029	260,000	85,433	345,433						
2029-2030	265,000	77,633	342,633						
2030-2031	275,000	69,683	344,683						
2031-2032	285,000	64,183	349,183						
2032-2033	285,000	58,483	343,483						
2033-2034	290,000	52,783	342,783						
2034-2035	300,000	44,083	344,083						
2035-2036	310,000	37,708	347,708						
2036-2037	315,000	30,733	345,733						
2037-2038	320,000	23,645	343,645						
2038-2039	330,000	16,045	346,045						
2039-2040	335,000	8,208	343,208						
Total	<u>\$ 4,945,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,265,768</u>	\$ 6,452,016						

Pledged Revenues

The College has pledged student tuition and fee revenue to repay \$5,150,000 in Revenue Bond Series 2020 issued in November 2020, for the purpose of redemption and prepayment of Revenue Bonds, Series 1995 and 2010, originally issued in aggregate principal amounts of \$2,000,000 and \$5,550,000, respectively and outstanding in the amounts of \$590,000 and \$4,910,000, respectively.

Future revenues in the amount of \$6,452,016, are pledged to repay principal and interest on the bonds at September 30, 2022. These bonds are scheduled to mature in 2040.

Defeased Debt

On November 19, 2020, the College issued \$5,150,000 in revenue bonds with 2% to 4% interest rate to refund the H. Councill Trenholm State Community College Revenue Series 1995 Bonds and Recovery Zone Economic Development Revenue Series 2010 Bonds. The Series 1995 Bond were outstanding in the amount of \$590,000 and the Series 2010 Bond were outstanding in the amount of \$4,910,000. The net proceeds of the 2020 Series Bonds, after payment of issuance costs, totaled \$5,246,754. The proceeds from the new bond were placed with an escrow agent along with the remainder of the Series 1995 Bond Fund deposits of \$159,785 and Series 1995 Maintenance Reserve deposits of \$225,768 to provide for the redemption of the 1995 Bonds on February 1, 2021 and the 2010 Bonds on December 19, 2020.

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONT'D)

The bonds were redeemed in an amount equal to 100% of the outstanding principal amount of the bonds plus accrued interest. As a result, the 1995 and 2010 Series Bonds were considered to be defeased. The related liabilities have been removed.

The current refunding did not result in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt. However, due to the refunding, the College reduced its total debt service requirements by \$1,004,178 which resulted in an economic gain of \$541,329.

NOTE 10 - LEASE OBLIGATIONS

Capital Leases

The College leases certain items of equipment, which are classified as capital leases. Minimum lease payments under capital leases together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments are shown in the table below:

Fiscal Years	I	Principal	In	terest	Total				
2021-2023 2022-2024	\$	176,619 64,201	\$	386 43	\$	177,005 64,244			
Totals	\$	240,820	\$	429	\$	241,249			

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The College is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The College has insurance for its buildings and contents through the State Insurance Fund (SIF), part of the State of Alabama, Department of Finance; Division of Risk Management which operates as a common risk management and insurance program for state owned properties.

The College pays an annual premium based on the amount of coverage requested. The SIF provides coverage up to \$2 million per occurrence and is self-insured up to a maximum of \$6 million in aggregate claims. The SIF purchases commercial insurance for claims which in the aggregate exceed \$6 million. The College purchases commercial insurance for its automobile coverage, general liability, and professional legal liability coverage. In addition, the College has fidelity bonds on the College's President, Dean of Business Services, Financial Aid Director, and all other college personnel who handle funds.

Employee health insurance is provided through the Public Education Employees' Health Insurance Fund (PEEHIF) administered by the Public Education Employees' Health Insurance Board (PEEHIB). The Fund was established to provide a uniform plan of health insurance for current and retired employees of state educational institutions and is self-sustaining. Monthly premiums for employee and dependent coverage are determined annually by the plan's actuary and based on anticipated claims in the upcoming year, considering any remaining fund balance on hand available for claims. The College contributes a specified amount monthly to the PEEHIF for each employee and this amount is applied against the employee's premiums for the coverage selected and the employee pays any remaining premium.

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the College's coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Claims which occur as a result of employee job-related injuries may be brought before the State of Alabama Board of Adjustment. The Board of Adjustment serves as an arbitrator and its decision is binding. If the Board of Adjustment determines that a claim is valid, it decides the proper amount of compensation (subject to statutory limitations) and the funds are paid by the College.

TRENHOLM STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE SCHEDULE OF THE COLLEGE'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE COLLECTIVE NET PENSION LIABILITY

For the year ended September 30, 2022 (Dollar Amount In Thousands)

		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
College's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	0.:	130099 %	0.1	137489 %	0.1	130856 %	0.	129024 %	0.1	22133 %	0.1	16333 %	0.1	27394 %	0.1	133789 %
College's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$	12,256	\$	17,007	\$	14,469	\$	12,828	\$	12,004	\$	12,594	\$	13,333	\$	12,154
College's covered payroll during the measurement period	\$	9,446	\$	9,650	\$	9,312	\$	8,600	\$	8,125	\$	7,387	\$	8,034	\$	8,479
College's proportional share of the collective net pension liability as a percentage of payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of		129.75 %		176.24 %		155.38 %		149.16 %		147.74 %		170.49 %		165.96 %		143.34 %
the total collective pension liability		76.44 %		67.72 %		69.85 %		72.29 %		71.50 %		67.93 %		67.51 %		71.01 %

^(*)Per GASB 82, which amends GASB 68 covered payroll is defined as the payroll on which contributions to a pension plan are based, also known as pensionable payroll. For fiscal year 2022, the measurement period for covered payroll is October 1, 2020 through September 30, 2021.

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

TRENHOLM STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE SCHEDULE OF THE COLLEGE'S CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION

For the year ended September 30, 2022 (Dollar Amount In Thousands)

	2022		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,141	\$	1,134	\$ 1,168	\$ 1,138	\$ 1,037	\$ 952	\$ 877	\$ 910
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 1,141 -	<u> </u>	1,134	\$ 1,168	\$ 1,138	\$ 1,037	\$ 952	\$ 877 -	\$ 910 -
College's covered payroll	\$ 9,816	\$	9,446	\$ 9,651	\$ 9,312	\$ 8,601	\$ 8,125	\$ 7,387	\$ 8,034
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	11.62 %		12.01 %	12.10 %	12.22 %	12.06 %	11.72 %	11.87 %	11.33 %

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Per GASB 82, which amends GASB 68 covered payroll is defined as the payroll on which contributions to a pension plan are based, also known as pensionable payroll. For fiscal year 2022, the measurement period for covered payroll is October 1, 2021 through September 30, 2022.

The amount of contractually required contributions is equal to the amount that would be recognized as additions from the College's contributions in the pension plan's schedule of changes in fiduciary net position during the period that coincides with the College's fiscal year. For participants in TRS, this includes amounts paid for Accrued Liability, Normal Cost Term Life Insurance, Pre-Retirement Death Benefit and Administrative Expenses.

TRENHOLM STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE SCHEDULE OF THE COLLEGE'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE COLLECTIVE NET OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) LIABILITY ALABAMA RETIRED EDUCATION EMPLOYEES' HEALTH CARE TRUST

For the year ended September 30, 2022 (Dollar Amount In Thousands)

		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018
College's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	0.	096200 %	0.	.095588 %	0	.111188 %	0.	.104177 %	(0.096521 %
College's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$	4,970	\$	6,204	\$	4,195	\$	8,562	\$	7,169
College's covered payroll during the measurement period	\$	9,446	\$	9,248	\$	9,683	\$	8,762	\$	8,135
College's proportional share of the collective net pension liability as a percentage of payroll		52.61 %		67.08 %		43.32 %		97.72 %		88.13 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total collective pension liability		27.11 %		19.80 %		28.14 %		14.81 %		15.37 %

(*)Per GASB 75, covered-employee payroll is defined as the payroll of employees that are provided with OPEB through the OPEB plan. The covered-employee payroll for this RSI Schedule (GASB 75 paragraph 97) is for the reporting period (i.e. the measurement period), which for the September 30, 2022 year is October 1, 2020 through September 30, 2021

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

TRENHOLM STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE SCHEDULE OF THE COLLEGE'S CONTRIBUTIONS - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) ALABAMA RETIRED EDUCATION EMPLOYEES' HEALTH CARE TRUST

For the year ended September 30, 2022 (Dollar Amount In thousands)

	2022		2021	2020	2019	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$	193	\$ 162	\$ 202	\$ 315	\$ 263
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		193	 162	202	 315	263
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
College's covered employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	\$	9,628 2.00 %	\$ 9,446 1.72 %	\$ 9,248 2.18 %	\$ 9,683 3.25 %	\$ 8,762 3.00 %

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

TRENHOLM STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

NOTE 1 - CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

In 2019, the anticipated rates of participation, spouse coverage, and tobacco use were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

In 2020, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality, spouse coverage, and tobacco usage were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. Economic assumptions and the assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience. Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Teacher tables, projected generationally using scale MP-2020 adjusted by 66-2/3% beginning with year 2019. The mortality rates have been adjusted 108% for males ages 63 and younger, 96% for males age 67 and older, 112% for females ages 69 and younger, and 98% for females age 74 and older.

NOTE 2 - RECENT PLAN CHANGES

Beginning in plan year 2021, the MAPD plan premium rates exclude the ACA Health Insurer Fee which was repealed on December 20, 2019.

Effective January 1, 2017, Medicare eligible medical and prescription drug benefits are provided through the MAPD plan.

The Health Plan is changed each year to reflect the ACA maximum annual out-of-pocket amounts.

NOTE 3 - METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of September 30, three years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. Therefore, the actuarially determined employer contribution for fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, is determined based on the actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2018. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level percent of pay
Remaining Amortization Period	23 years, closed
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value of Assets
Inflation	2.75%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rate:	
Pre-Medicare Eligible	6.75%
Medicare Eligible (*)	5.00%
Ultimate Trend Rate:	
Pre-Medicare Eligible	4.75%
Medical Eligible	4.75%
Year of Ultimate Trend Rate	2026 for Pre-Medicare Eligible
	2024 for Medicare Eligible
Optional Plans Trend Rate	2.00%
Investment Rate of Return	5.00%, including inflation
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^(*) Initial Medicare claims are set based on scheduled increases through plan year 2019.

TRENHOLM STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE COLLEGE OFFICIALS

October 1, 2021 through September 30, 2022

Officials	Position
Jimmy Baker	Chancellor, Alabama Community College System
Dr. Kemba Chambers	President
Dr. Adrian Douglas	Dean of Finance and Administrative Services
Brian Harrison	Associate Director of Financial Services – ACCS